Year 3 Term 5

Ma famille

FRENCH

National Curriculum Links:

Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding.
Explore patterns and sounds of language through songs and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words.
Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases.
Appreciate stories, songs poems and rhymes in the language.
Understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.

Essential Prior Learning:

Children should be used to asking and answering familiar questions in French, e.g. Ça va? Ça va bien/Ça va ne va pas; Qu'est-ce que c'est?.
Recognise numbers 1-10 in French.
French nouns are assigned either feminine or masculine gender and this affects the possessive pronoun: ma/mon

Progression in Skill:

Talk about family members using C'est …
Use possessive adjectives (mon, ma, mes) to talk about family.
Use basic prepositions, sur and dans to describe position.
Begin reading simple phrases and short sentences.
Recognise familiar words and phrases in songs and simple dialogues.
Use numbers and simple plural forms.
Use common verbs in the first person: Je suis … J'ai …

Long-term Memory Knowledge:

Talk about family members using C'est…
Use my (mon, ma, mes) to describe family.
Use sur and dans to say where things are.
Read short, simple sentences.
Understand familiar words from songs and simple conversations.
Use numbers and basic plurals.
Use Je suis… and J'ai… to talk about yourself.

Key Vocabulary	
ma mère	mother
mon père	father
mon frère	brother
ma sœur	sister
mes parents	my parents
dans	in
sur	on

Progression in Resources:

Downloadable flashcards, animations and worksheets from Rigolo scheme.

Relevance	
Now	Children broaden their French vocabulary to include words for their family members – a familiar context for them all; they develop their understanding of French pronouns, lessening the possibility of being confused/confusing others.
Future	Children can speak and understand enough French to enjoy holidaying in France; they can see the links with English and apply this knowledge to other languages that may be useful.
Aspiration	Children are happy to live and work abroad, learning the language and immersing themselves in the culture; they may choose to study the origins of languages and explore those used by ancient civilisations.